



Perspectives from a domain specific data repository: The National Sleep Research Resource

Susan Redline, M.D., M.P.H.

Professor of Sleep Medicine Harvard Medical School Brigham and Women's Hospital Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center sredline@bwh.harvard.edu

Outline

- Data specific domain: potential and challenges
 - Sleep and Circadian Data
- Goals and organization of the National Sleep Research Resource
- The user community
 - Defining their needs
 - Measuring Impact
- Challenges



Reservoir of sleep data

- 2,800 accredited sleep labs in the U.S.
- **845,569 sleep studies** were performed in 2014
 - Increasing per year
- ~400 MB/study- 340 TB/yr
- NIH and industry-funded research sleep studies





Untapped Data Signatures

- Hours of physiological signals
- Cross-talk between physiological systems
- Temporal and dynamic features
- Days of physiological/behavioral signals
- Multiple ways to annotate



Critical timepoints; Cumulative risk models

Sleep / Circadian Big Data Opportunities



Dean D; Sleep 2014

Challenges in sleep data analysis

- Data sets heterogeneous, some poorly annotated and difficult to harmonize
 - Different collection protocols, lack of standardized montages, variable scoring
 - Lack of accepted sleep ontologies/variable vocabularies
 - Summary data and raw signals

• Limited data types

- Focus on summary data
 - Untapped potential of advanced signal processing/machine learning



Name: Mr.Maha	dood	Date of	Birth:	1/01/195	2
ID:			Age:	59	
Address:		Ge	nder:	Male	
City:		н	eight:	N/A	
Zip Code:		w	eight:	N/A	
E-Mail:			BMI:	N/A	
Phone:		Cheyne Stokes Breat	thing:	No	
Sleep Summary					
Total Recording Time:	351.9 minutes	Apnea + Hypopnea (A+H):	66		62.4/1
Sleep Period:	327.9 minutes	Obstructive Apnea:	51		48.2/1
Wake After Sleep Onset:	264.4 minutes	Central Apnea:	0		0.0/1
Total Sleep Time:	63.5 minutes	Mixed Apnea:	0		0.0/1
Sleep Onset:	24.0 minutes	Hypopnea (All):	15		14.2/1
Sleep Efficiency:	18.0 %	Obstructive Hypopnea:	-		-
Number of Awakenings:	27	Central Hypopnea:			
Sleep Latency to N1:	24.0 minutes	Mixed Hypopnea:			-
Sleep Latency to N2:	34.5 minutes	Oxygen Desaturation Events			
Sleep Latency to N3 (SWS):	36.0 minutes	(OD):	57		53.9 / 1
Stage R Latency from Sleep		Snore Time:	34.4	minutes	54.1 %
Onset:	- minutes	Limb Movement:	60		
		PLMI:	25.5		

Patient Information

• Few "open" sources of well-defined signals, linked covariates, and analysis tools



Gaps in data access and appropriate tools

• Many web portals have a..

- Limited ability to query and visualize data
- Limited ability to directly access data
- Limited ability to access tools for visualizing and processing data

• Large data analytics

- High data storage/egress costs
- Access/download procedures
 - Concerns over privacy/security
- "Sandboxes" needed for



- Collaboration, promote documentation (transparency/reproducibility)
- Barriers to users unfamiliar with dataset or dependencies on others

National Sleep Research Resource: sleepdata.org (2014-)





Community resource to deposit and access "raw" or complex primary data (physiological signals), including processed physiological signals



Provide users access to a hub of tools for processing physiological signals as well as a resource to support communications among sleep researchers



Partner with and link to other resources, such as BioLINCC and dbGAP (BioData Catalyst)





Visualizing NSRR data

To paraphrase the adage, a picture is worth a thousand numbers. In order to investigate some basic properties of NSRR datasets, here we generate a number of whole-dataset visualizations. To make sense of these images, we'll employ a remarkably complex computational pattern recognition and dimension reduction framework, a.k.a. the human visual system. Keep reading **>**

National Sleep Research Resource: Sleepdata.org



Data Integration



Available Data



31,580 EDFs from 27,151 subjects



19,235 PSGs with EEG or ECG spectral analysis results



4,064 actigraphy files



5,324 terms annotated to structured definitions

4,681 with provenance attributes

Quantitative Signal Analysis





Figure 1: Example of hypoxic burden calculation for an individual respiratory event (Resp. Event). Panel A

Search across 1,000s of variables...

NSRR About I	Datasets Tools Foru	m Blog	Q,
Sleep H	eart Healtl	h Study	NEADE
Doc	cumentation	Files	Variables
	二个机器型		
shhs > variables >	Navigate to 🔹 🔌 🔍		« 1 to 100 of 1,991 »
	Administrative		
Name	CVD Outcomes Demographics		Folder
\star visitnumber	HRV Analysis Interim	alth Study (SHHS) Visit Number	Administrative
★ afibincident	Measurements Medical History Medications Questionnaires	ibrillation (AF) after SHHS Visit 1 s part of the analysis for Tung et al. 2017 (PMID: 28668820). posidered present if AF was identified on a 12-lead ECG cond SHHS exam or was adjudicated by the parent cohorts at the baseline PSG and the final follow-up date for AF June 30, 2006.	CVD Outcomes
★ afibprevaler	Variable created a Prevalent AF was question 'Has a d identified on resti	Fibrillation (AF) at SHHS Visit 1 as part of the analysis for Tung et al. 2017 (PMID: 28668820). defined by any of the following: a positive response to the octor ever told you that you have or had atrial fibrillation'; AF ng 12-lead ECG at the baseline SHHS exam; or if the parent F documented in the medical record before the SHHS baseline	CVD Outcomes
★ angina		ina Episodes Since Baseline since baseline Polysomnogram (PSG) (as recorded in parent	CVD Outcomes
🚖 any_chd	Any Coronary Hea	Heart Disease (CHD) Since Baseline? art Disease (CHD) since baseline Polysomnogram (PSG) (as it studies datasets)	CVD Outcomes

Variables logically grouped by type



Easy, but not uncontrolled, access to data...

NSRR About Datasets	Tools Forum Blog	Q 🔺 🚊 🕇
Data Request Standard (Individual) 1.1.0.820943d witch to organization	DATA ACCESS AND USE AGREEMENT This Data Access and Use Agreement (the "DAUA") is made by and between The Brigham and	
DAUA D Page 1 D Page 2 D Page 3	 Women's Hospital, Inc., through its Division of Sleep and Circadian Disorders ("BWH") and Shaun Purcell (the "Data User"). WHEREAS, BWH is receiving support from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute ("NHLBI") to establish and operate a web-based collection of existing de-identified sleep study and related covariate data originating from past NHLBI-funded research studies (the "Data"), such collection 	Full Name ☑
Signature Noads oof	known as the National Sleep Research Resource (" NSRR "); and WHEREAS , the purpose of the NSRR is to facilitate access to and use of the Data by third-party researchers to conduct sleep research in accordance with NHLBI and BWH policies and procedures (the " Purpose "); and	
atasets CHS righam and Women's	WHEREAS , to the extent permitted by its Institutional Review Board and institutional policies, BWH wishes to make the Data, in the form of one or more "Datasets" , available to Data User, and Data User wishes to receive the Datasets, for this Purpose under the terms and conditions of access set forth herein;	
ospital	 NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants set forth below, the parties hereby agree as follows: 1. Data User is an individual, requesting Data/Datasets under this DAUA on behalf of himself/herself 	
	as follows: Institution	Institution

Share Your Data on the NSRR

The National Sleep Research Resource (NSRR) is an NHLBI-funded resource designed to host and share data from major sleep cohort studies and clinical trials. All shared study data must be de-identified using the HIPAA Safe Harbor method and must adhere to the data sharing language stated in the participant informed consent. Records and files from participants who did not consent to data sharing must be redacted before submitting to the NSRR.

The NSRR creates a unique space to share and link covariate data, complex physiological data, and quantitative signal (e.g. EEG, ECG) processing results. The NSRR team will guide you through the process of preparing and uploading your datasets to the NSRR.

Uploading data to the NSRR satisfies requirements of the NIH Data Sharing Policy. For future grants, please consider including data sharing language that mentions the NSRR.

What you will do:

- Compile documentation (e.g. manuals, questionnaires) about your data
- · Prepare final datasets with data dictionaries and descriptions
- Remove all identifiers from dataset and raw data files
- Upload files to NSRR through Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)

What we will do:

- Assist you during each step of the submission process
- · Review uploaded data to ensure all identifiers have been removed
- Establish an institutional data use agreement (if needed)
- · Ensure that only the users you want to access your data receive access
- · Create a repository for your dataset to organize documentation and data files

Assessing Impact

• User Base

• Register/Access data

• Products

- Use/publish data
- Contribute data
- Discoveries/new tools
- Support new grants
- Training

Engagement

• Interactive user community- collaboration, blogs, etc

Assessing Impact: Access Data

- 6,041 registered users
 1793 approved DUAs
- Over 13 million files downloaded, over 321 TB of data
 2 TB data per week

• Ease of access

- Time interval from access to approval
 - User-friendly on-line DUA

Assessing Impact: Use Data/Publish Results

- Publications
 - Epidemiological associations
 - Discovery/replication
 - New signals/Associations
 - Machine learning
 - Algorithm development/validation
- Tracking difficult
 - DUA: Cite grant / resource
 - NEED: Datasets as "citable" object
 - Track "Impact Factor" of resource

Assessing Impact: Grants

• Training grants (NIH, AHA, AASM), R21s, RO1s

Assessing Impact: Training

- Multiple levels
 - High school- post graduate
 - For example,
 - > 100 Georgia Tech students: capstone project
 - OSHU Data Wrangling courses/workbooks
 - Basis for Harvard ML course
 - Resource for a biostatistics book/course

Assessing Impact: Contribute Data

• New contributors

- Individuals
- New cohorts: ~15 new cohorts identified
- NIH (NIMH; E.S.P)
- Incentives for data sharing
- Reducing "friction"
 - Regulatory
 - Data structure/documentation

Assessing Impact: Contribute CDEs

- > 5,000 variables mapped to standards
 - ICSD-3, NIH CDE
- >4000 variables mapped to provenance data
 - Bioportal CMS (wiki)

Summary: Challenges/Needs

- Systematize citation process/Orchid registrations
 - Data resource impact factor?
- Link NIH funded grants for secondary data to sources?
- Trainee impact
 - Inventories of courses/books/trainee grants
- Data and tool contributions
 - Publish/highlight attributions

"Dreams of the NSRR"



Acknowledgements

- Brigham and Women's Hospital
 - Dennis Dean
 - Matthew Kim
 - Sara Mariani
 - Daniel Mobley
 - Remo Mueller
 - Shaun Purcell
 - Michael Rueschman
 - Ying Zhang

- University of Kentucky
 - GQ Zhang
 - Satya Sahoo
 - Licong Cui
- Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center
 - Ary Goldberger
 - Madalena Costa

• NHLBI